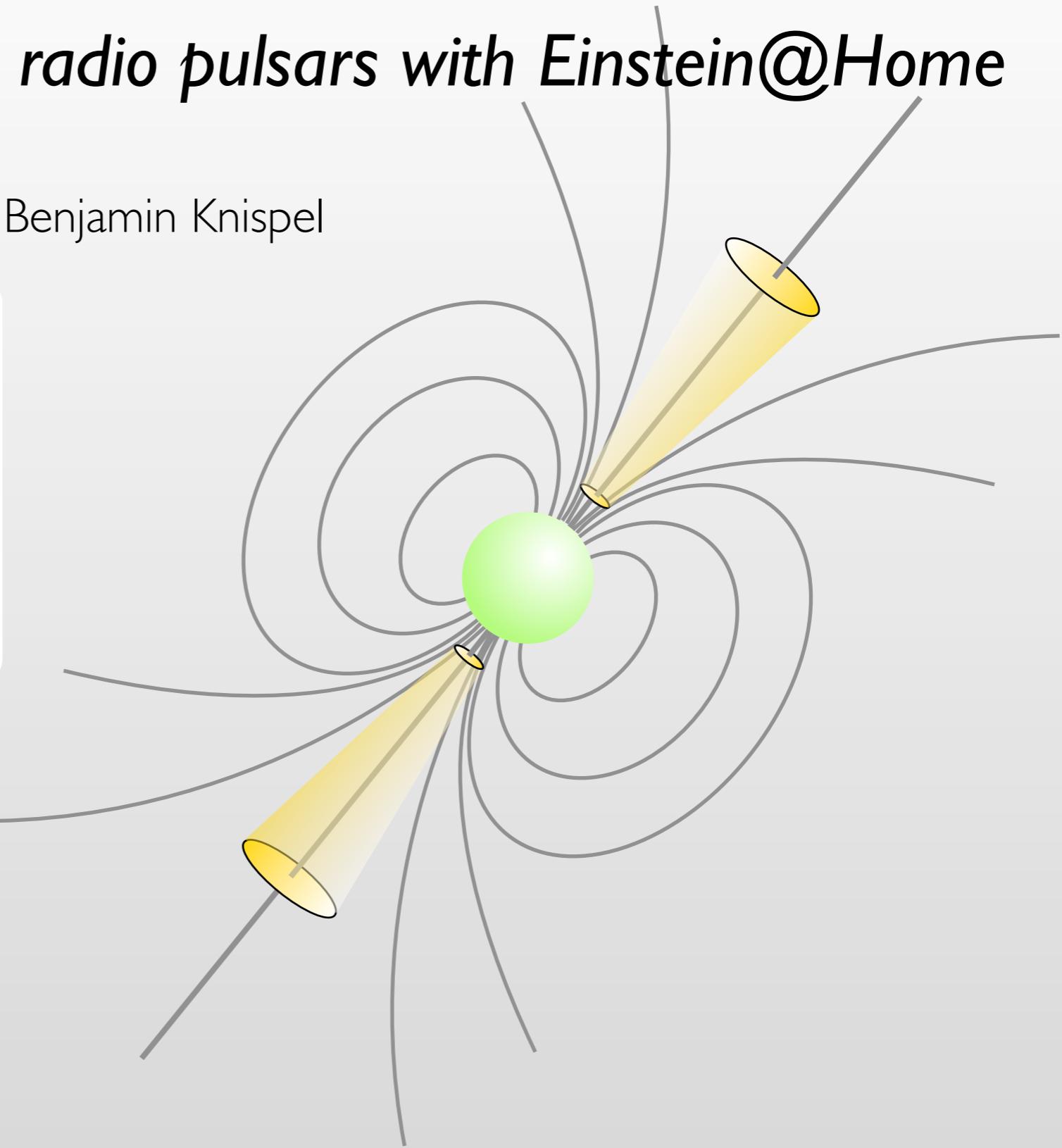
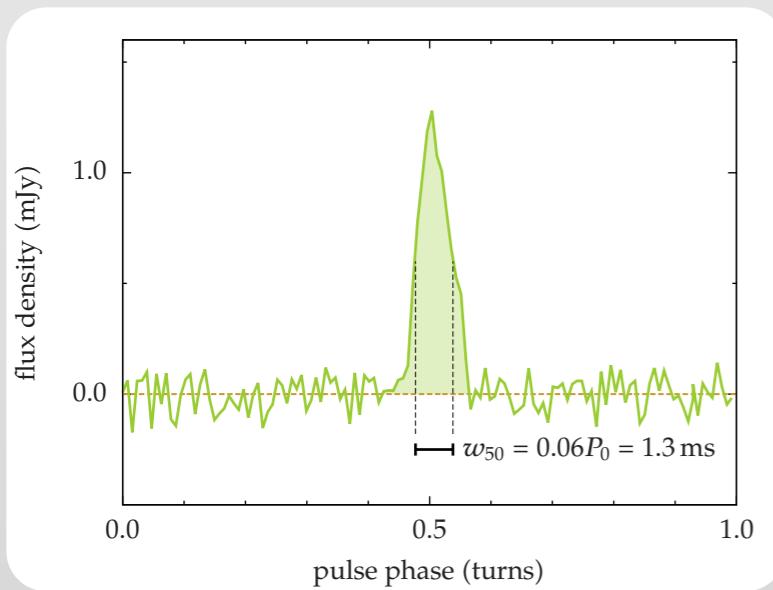
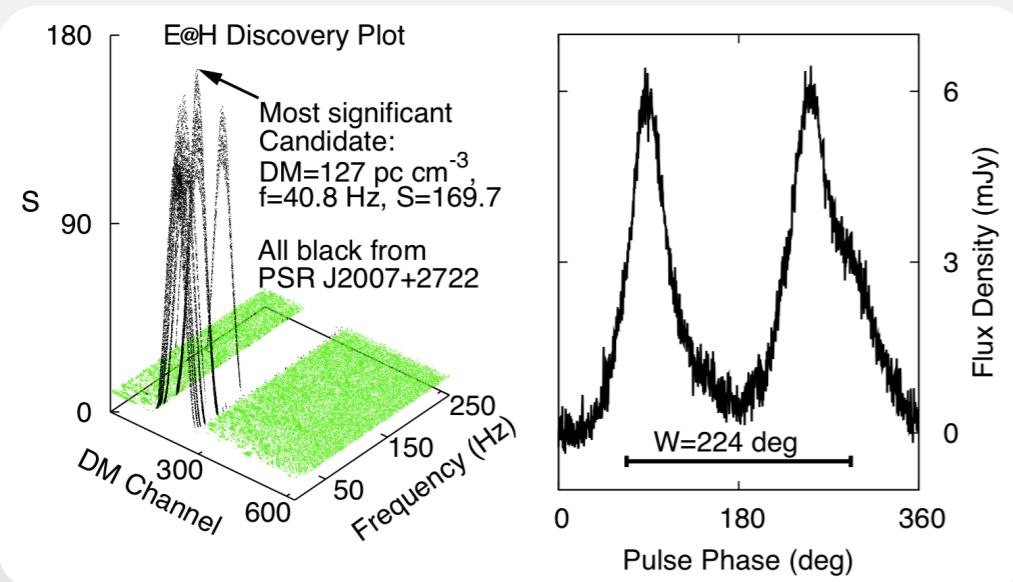




# One year of finding new radio pulsars with Einstein@Home

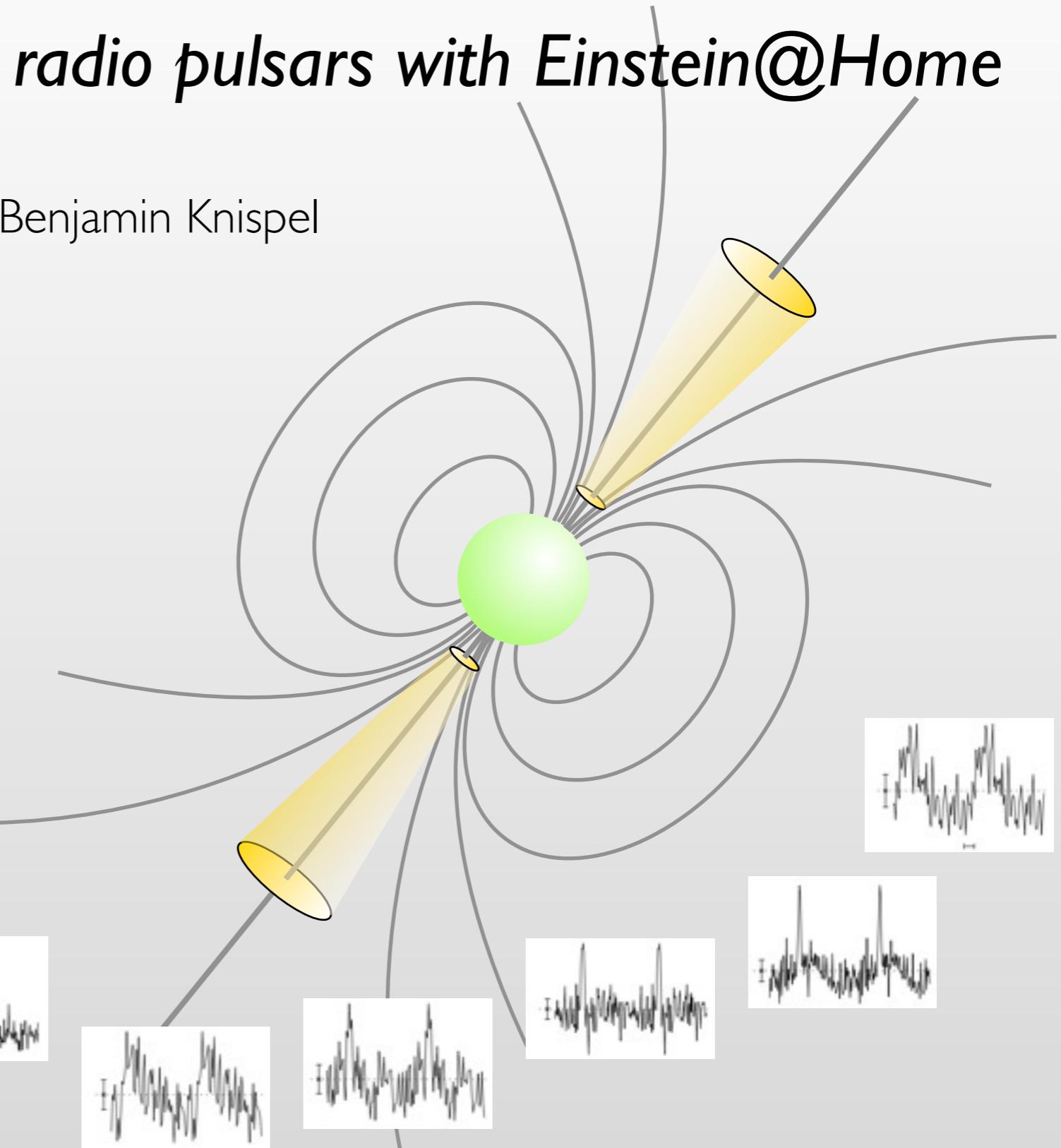
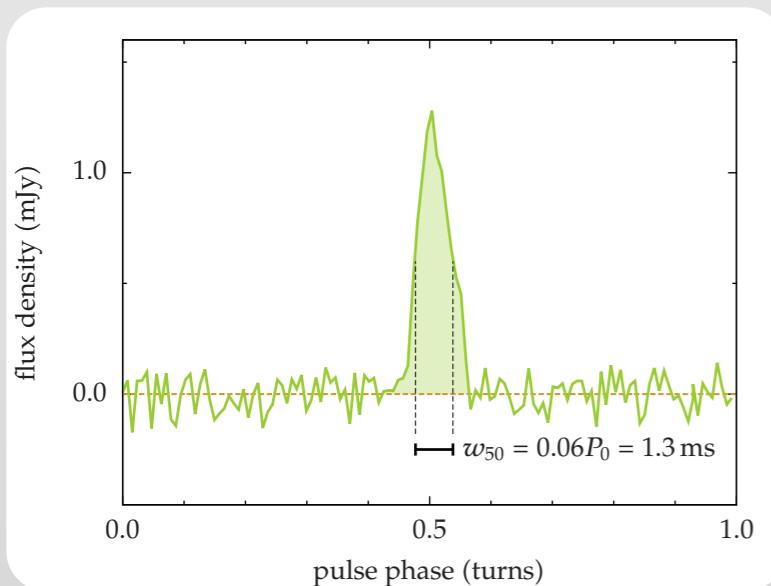
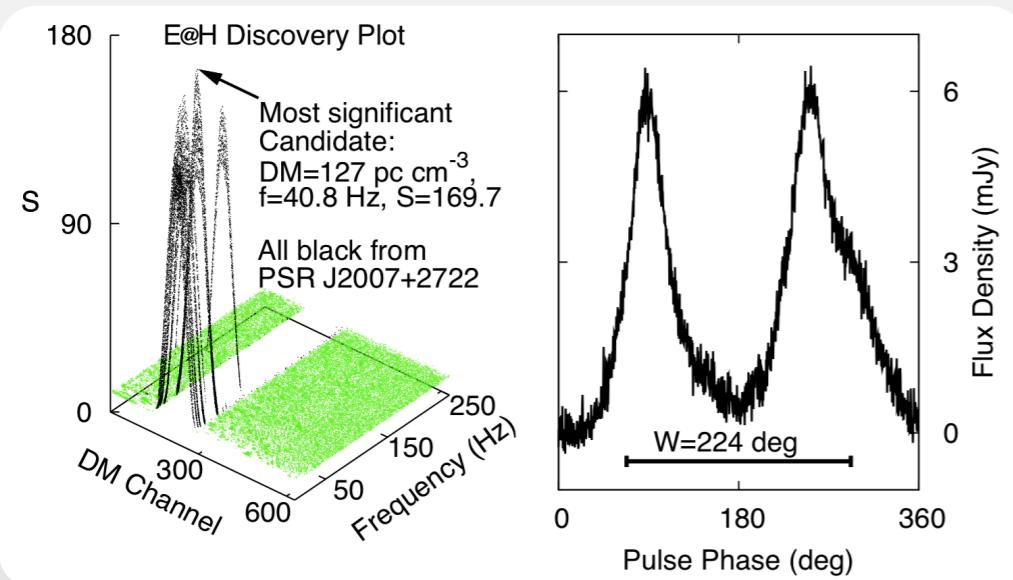
Benjamin Knispel





# One year of finding new radio pulsars with Einstein@Home

Benjamin Knispel





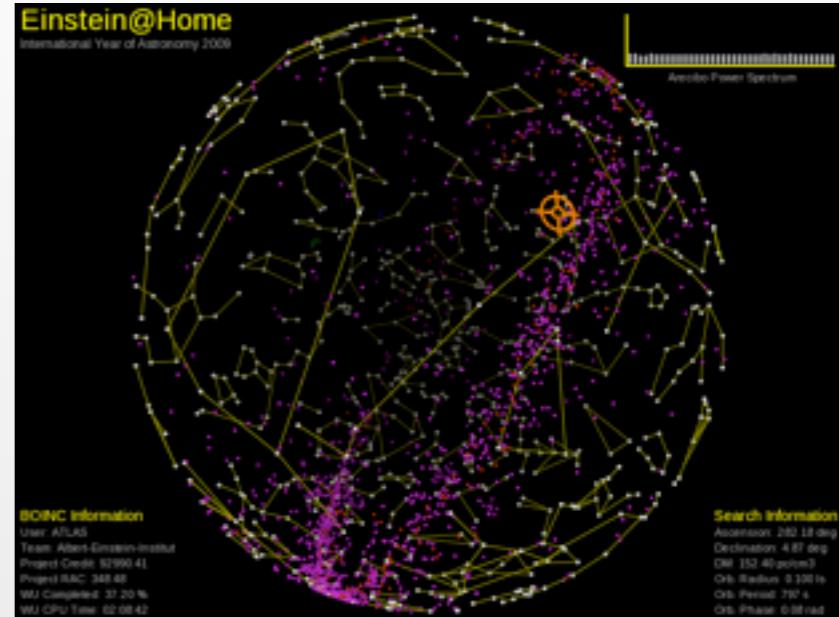
MAX-PLANCK-GESELLSCHAFT

# Einstein@Home



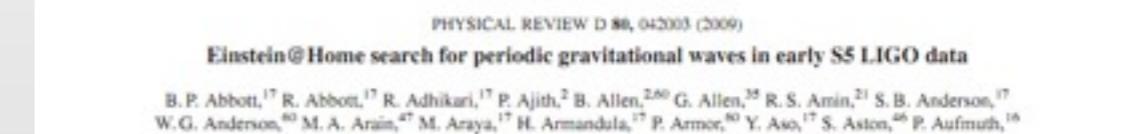
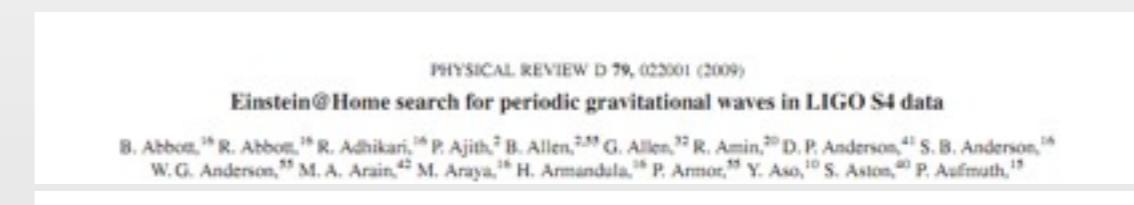
- **numbers**

- » 300,000 volunteers, 50,000 active computers
- » ~200 TFlop/s sustained computing power
- » servers in Milwaukee and Hannover



- **science goals:**

- » **search for continuous gravitational waves (CPU)**
- » search for tight binary radio pulsars (CPU+GPU)
- » search for gamma-ray pulsars (CPU)



- **science results so far:**

- » **upper limits** for continuous GWs (2 publications)
- » **2 new pulsars** in Arecibo data (2 publications)
- » **6 new pulsars** in Parkes data (stay tuned...)





# Radio pulsars

- **neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)**

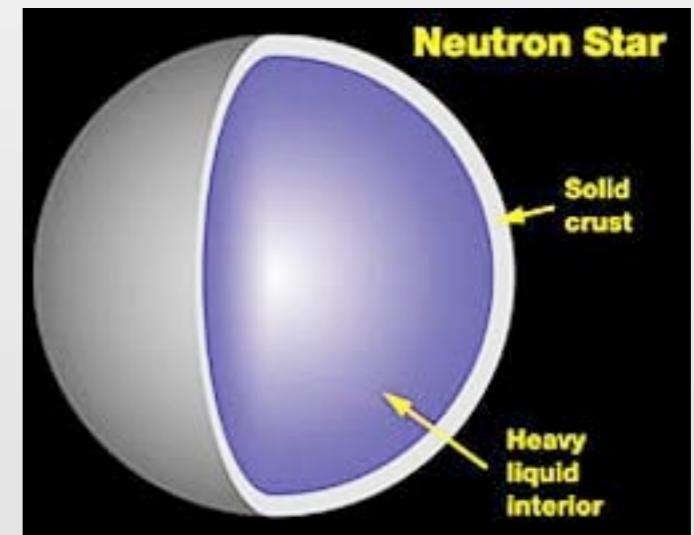
- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

- **radio pulsars**

- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- **searches**

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters





# Radio pulsars

- **neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)**

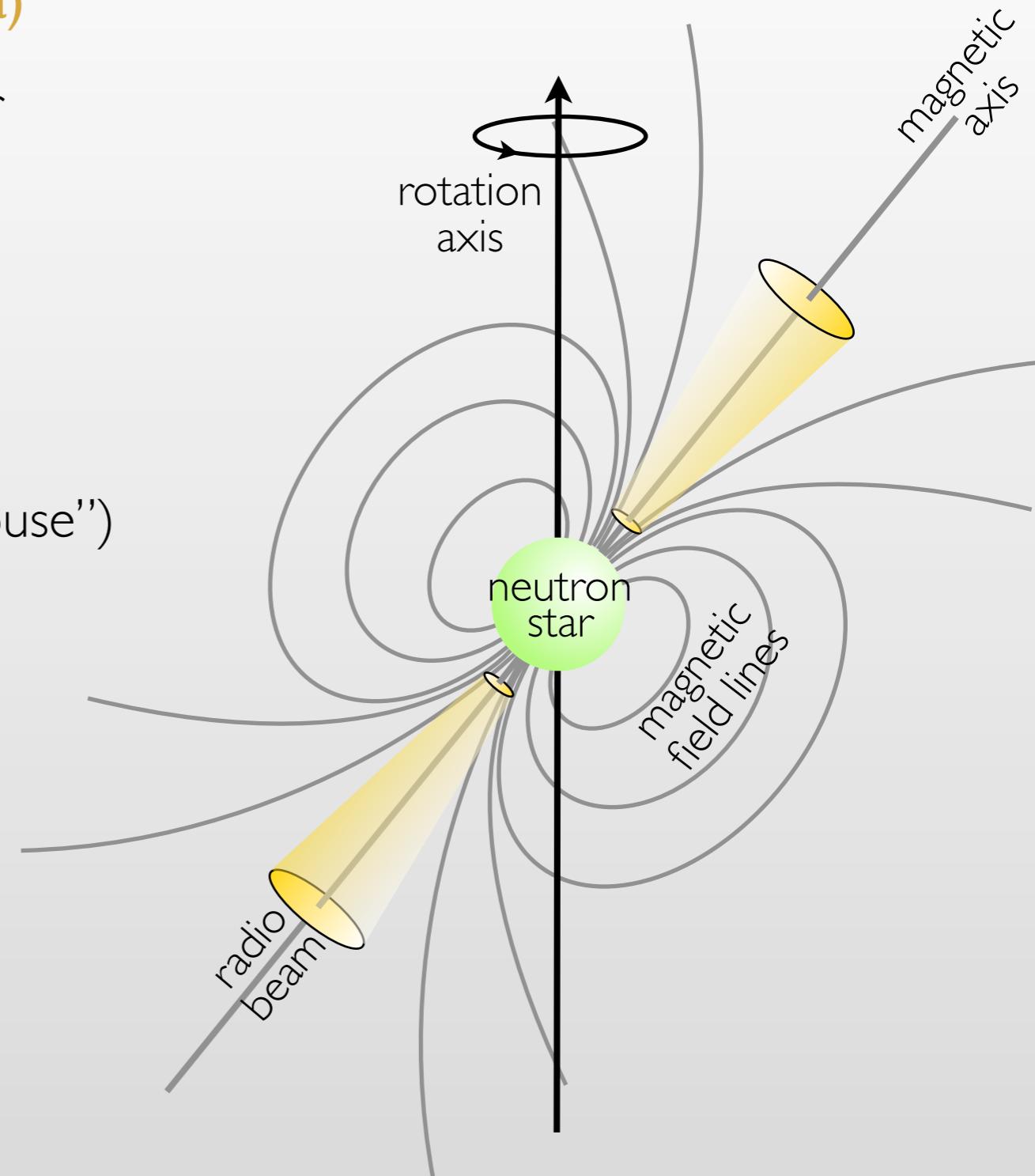
- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

- **radio pulsars**

- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- **searches**

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters





# Radio pulsars

- neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)

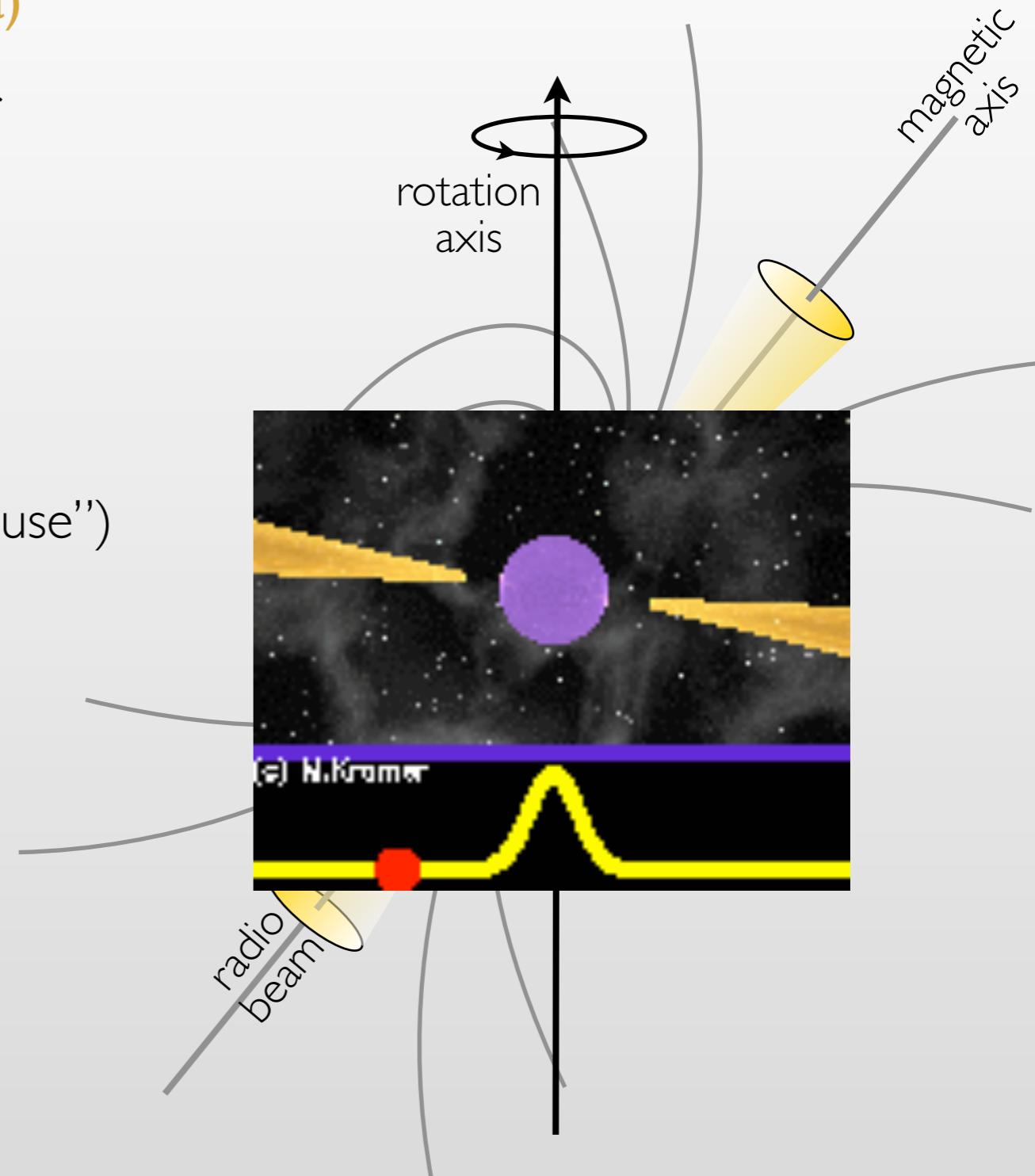
- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

- radio pulsars

- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- searches

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters





# Radio pulsars

- **neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)**

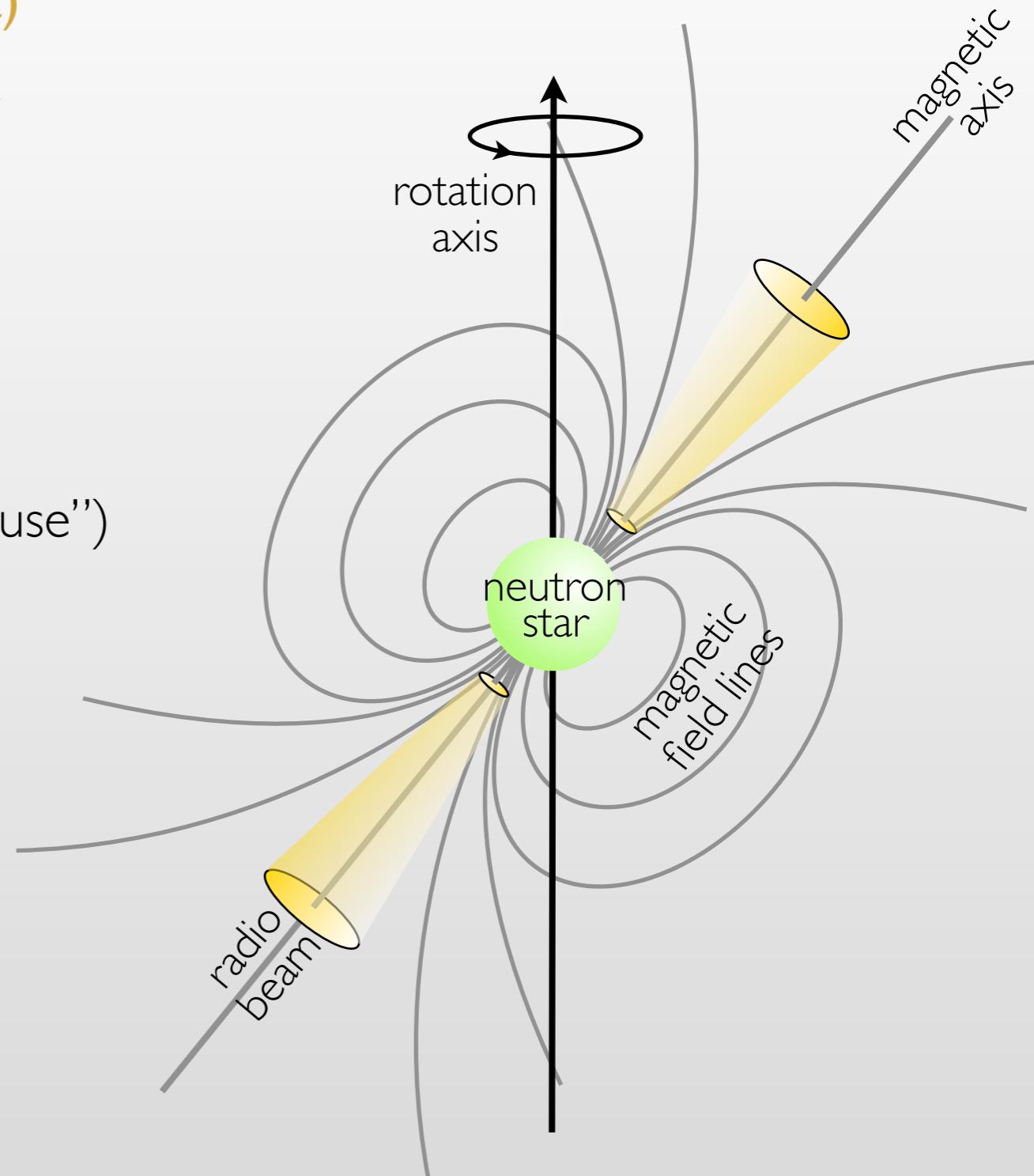
- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

- **radio pulsars**

- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- **searches**

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters





# Radio pulsars

- **neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)**

- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

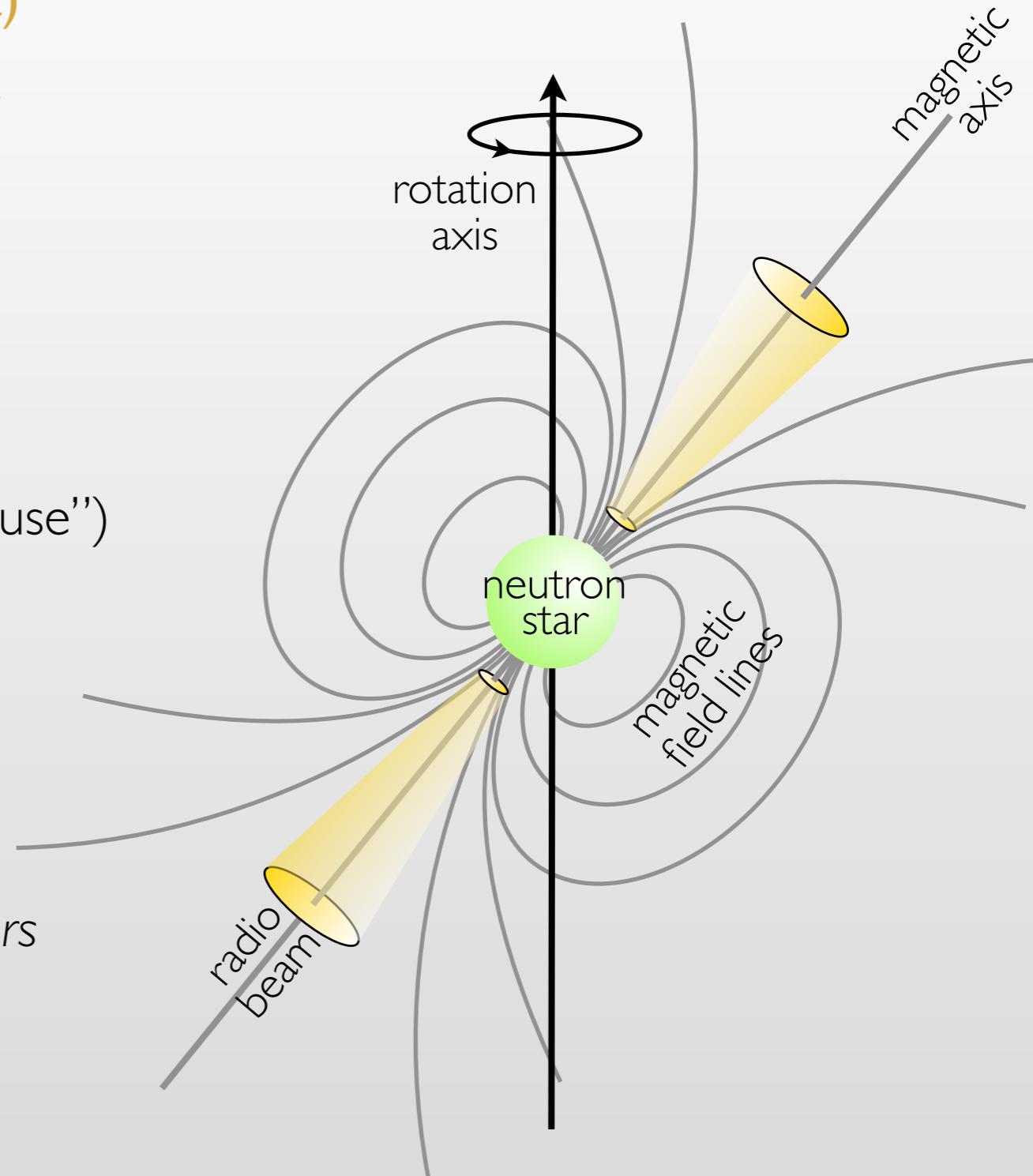
- **radio pulsars**

- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- **searches**

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters

E@H servers





# Radio pulsars

- **neutron stars = stellar remnants (supernova)**

- » high density:  $\sim 1.4 M_{\text{sun}}$  at 20 km diameter
- » strong gravity:  $R_{\text{Schwarzschild}} = 0.3 R_{\text{NS}}$
- » strong magnetic fields:  $10^8$  to  $10^{14}$  G

- **radio pulsars**

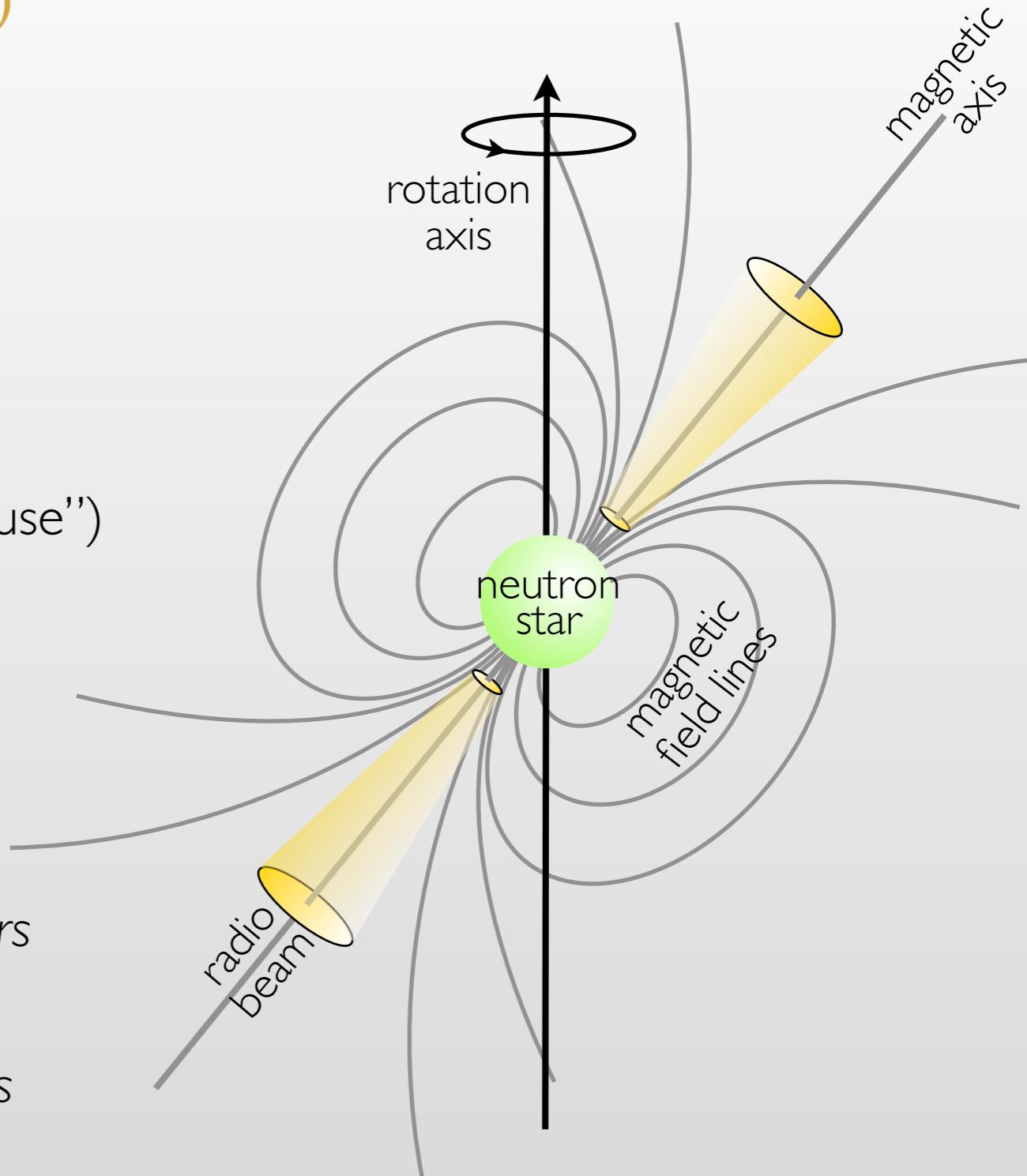
- » pulsed broadband radio emission (“lighthouse”)
- » serendipitously discovered in 1967
- » today  $\sim 1900$  known, 8% in binary systems

- **searches**

- » unknown distance
- » unknown spin frequency
- » unknown binary parameters

E@H servers

} E@H hosts





# Radio pulsar runs

- **Arecibo telescope, Puerto Rico (305 m)**
  - » with PALFA collaboration
- **Parkes telescope, Australia, NSW (64 m)**
  - » data public, collaboration with MPIfR, Bonn
- **ABP1 (March 2009 - March 2010)**
  - » first run using Arecibo data (130 TB, 2005 - 2009)
- **ABP2 (March 2010 - Dec 2010)**
  - » improved run on Arecibo data (faster apps)
- **BRP3 (Dec 2010 - Jul 2011)**
  - » re-analysis of PMPS (4 TB from 1997 - 2001)
- **BRP4 (started late Jul 2011)**
  - » run on new, better Arecibo data (44 TB since 2009)



Wikimedia Commons



Wikimedia Commons



# First discoveries in 2010

- Found two new pulsars within two weeks

- » J2007+2722 on July 11, 2010
- » J1952+2630 on July 26, 2010

- **J2007+2722**

- » pulsar that should have (had) a companion
- » companion likely ejected by its supernova, 13<sup>th</sup> system of this class

- **J1952+2630**

- » massive white dwarf companion, 6<sup>th</sup> system of this class ever found



pulsar	P <sub>0</sub> (ms)	d (kpc)	volunteers	notes	profile
J2007+2722	24.497389	5.3	The Colvins / Powermandg Robert C.Tautz / Myat	DRP	
J1952+2630	20.732360	9.4	Vit-MIPT / staceman	IMBP	



# First discoveries in 2010

- Found two new pulsars within two weeks

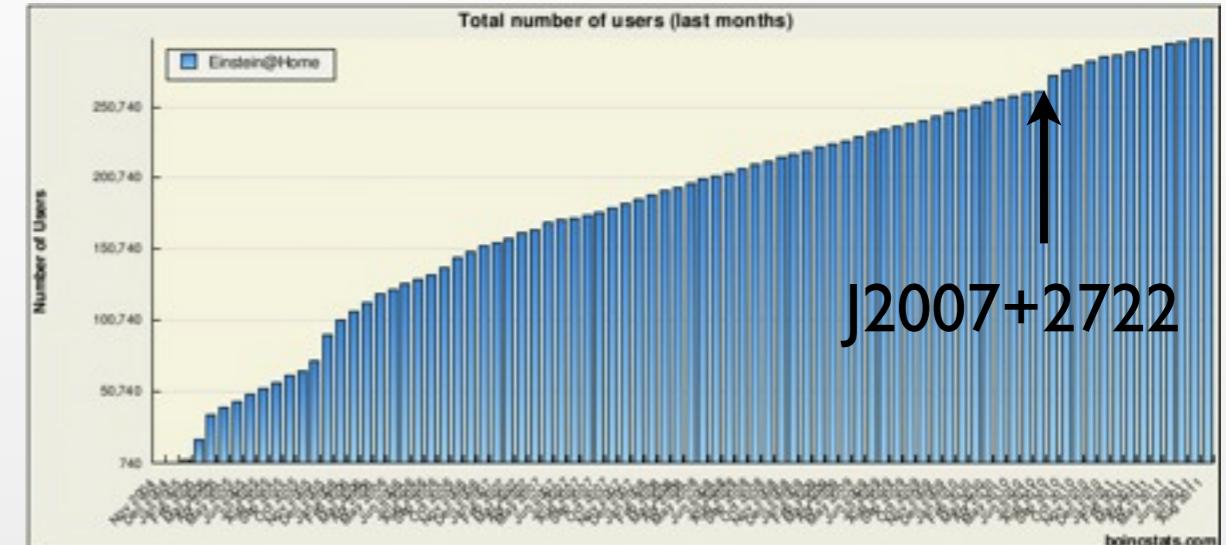
- » J2007+2722 on July 11, 2010
- » J1952+2630 on July 26, 2010

- **J2007+2722**

- » pulsar that should have (had) a companion
- » companion likely ejected by its supernova, 13<sup>th</sup> system of this class

- **J1952+2630**

- » massive white dwarf companion, 6<sup>th</sup> system of this class ever found



pulsar	P <sub>0</sub> (ms)	d (kpc)	volunteers	notes	profile
J2007+2722	24.497389	5.3	The Colvins / Powermandg Robert C.Tautz / Myat	DRP	
J1952+2630	20.732360	9.4	Vit-MIPT / staceman	IMBP	



# More discoveries in 2011



## • Re-analysis of the Parkes Multibeam Pulsar Survey

- » 3<sup>rd</sup> re-analysis, first fully coherent binary search ( $T_{\text{obs}}=35 \text{ min}$ )
- » **6 new pulsars** confirmed + more good candidates

<http://bit.ly/pldEoG>



pulsar	$P_0$ (ms)	d (kpc)	volunteers	notes	profile
J1322-6322	1044.8511	13	Vadim Gusev / David	intermittent	
J1455-5922	176.19117	7.0	Arax / UW-Madison CAE	–	
J1644-4409	173.91055	6.4	Jesse Charles Wagner II [USA] / Ras	–	
J1755-3331	959.4568	5.2	Omega Sector - Game Systems / Dwaine revoluzzer / Jacek Richter	in 3 beams	
J1817-1937	2046.916	7.7	Jaska / Family cjsturgess / Companion_Cube	intermittent	
J1840-0644	35.578184	6.6	terrydudley / nemo Trey / nemo	binary pulsar	



# Present and future

- Run on new Arecibo data

- » already new pulsars found in these data (not E@H)
- » more discoveries likely (also E@H?)

- Search for radio-quite gamma-ray pulsars in NASA's Fermi LAT data

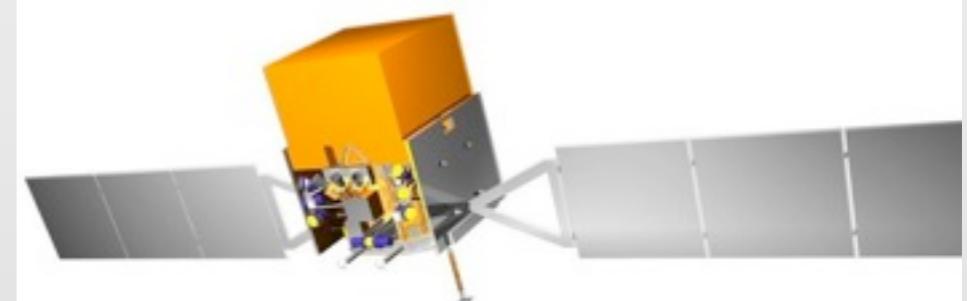
- » exciting new field of astronomy
- » already gamma-ray pulsars found in these data
- » more discoveries likely
- » first radio-quite MSP yet to be found (E@H?)
- » running now on E@H (currently CPU only)

- Current surveys with Parkes / Effelsberg telescope

- » analyse data on Einstein@Home in the future



Wikimedia Commons





# ...to more Einstein@Home pulsar discoveries!

