# Volpex Communication for Volunteer Computing

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## Big Picture -- VOLPEX: Parallel Execution on Volatile Nodes

## Communicating Parallel Programs ON Ordinary Volatile Desktop Nodes

Key motivation: Idle desktops represent a massive unused computation resource

Key problem: High failure rates AND coordinated execution

#### **Collaborators**

- -- UH Faculty: Edgar Gabriel (CS), Rong Zheng (CS), Margaret Cheung (Physics)
- -- *UH Students*: Nagarajan Kanna, Troy Leblanc, Girish Nanadagudi, Eshwar Rohit, Rakhi Anand, Nat Hammen
- -- David Anderson



# **Major Challenges in VOLPEX**

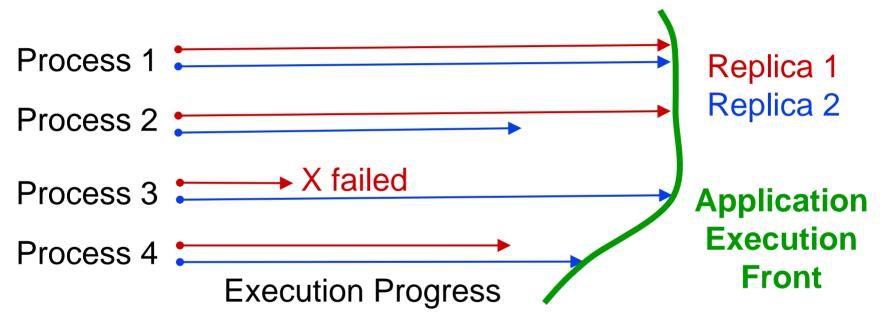
Failure Management

- Replicated execution
- Independent/uncoordinated checkpoint and recovery
- Hybrid
- **Programming/Communication Model** 
  - Volpex MPI
  - Volpex Dataspace API
- **Usage and Applications** 
  - Integration with BOINC/Condor
  - Simulation to identify suitable codes (Dimemas)
  - Real world value?



# **Volpex Approach to Fault Tolerant Execution**

Redundancy and/or independent checkpoint/restarts
→ multiple physical processes per logical process



- Application progress tied to the fastest process replica
- Seamless progress despite failures
- Minimum overhead of redundancy



# **Volpex MPI**

MPI library designed for volatile nodes

- Key features:
  - controlled redundancy: each MPI process can have multiple replicas
  - Receiver based direct communication between processes
  - Distributed sender logging
- Prototype implementation supports ~40 MPI functions, including all commonly used calls.
- Runs on clusters, desktops, Condor



# **Volpex MPI Communication**

- Goal: efficient handling of multiple replicas of MPI processes
  - avoid sending each message to all replicas



- Receiver initiated communication model
  - sender buffers message locally
  - receiver contacts sender process requesting message
  - logical time stamps ("incarnation id") used for message matching in addition to the usual message envelope (tag, communicator, sender rank, recv rank)

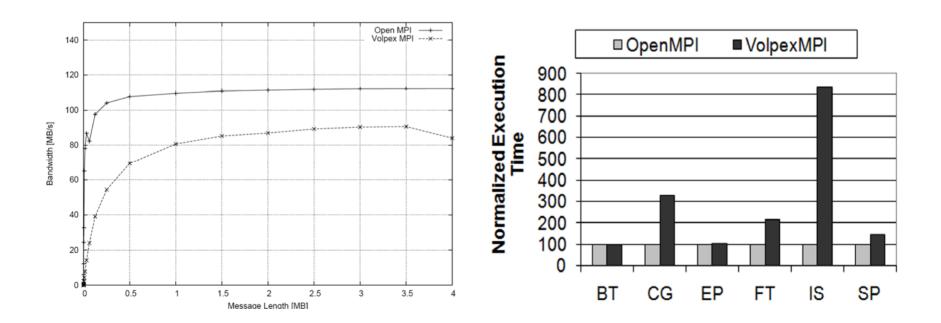


#### **Performance versus OpenMPI**

Latency (4 byte message)

- Open MPI = 0.5 ms
- Volpex MPI = 1.8 ms

16 process NAS benchmarks generally similar

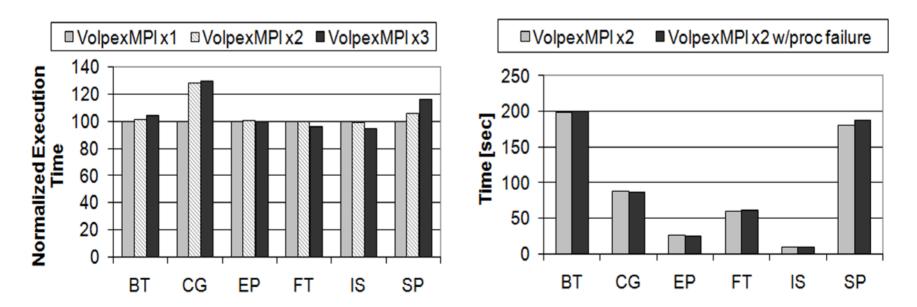




#### **Performance with Fault Tolerance**

Execution time with one (x1), two (x2) and three (x3)replicas of each process

Performance impact when one replica process fails



**Details:** T. LeBlanc, R. Anand, E. Gabriel, and J. Subhlok. *VolpexMPI: an MPI* Library for Execution of Parallel Applications on Volatile Nodes. In Proc. The 16th EuroPVM/MPI 2009 Conference, Espoo, Finland, 2009. CS@UH

#### **Dataspace Programming Model**

Independent processes communicate with one way, PUT/GETs with an abstract dataspace

PUT (tag, data) place data in dataspace indexed with tagREAD (tag, data) return data matching the tag.GET (tag, data) return and remove data matching tag.

- A Powerful API: can simulate message passing, global variables, producer-consumer, etc.
- Similar to Linda, Javaspaces, Tspaces..



#### **Dataspace API and Redundancy**

New challenge is consistency with replicated processes

Independent checkpoint/restart also leads to redundancy

A logical PUT/GET may be executed many times

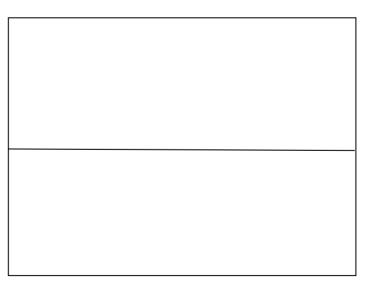
- $\rightarrow$  late replica may PUT a value that is out of date
- $\rightarrow$  late replica may READ a value that is not current



## **Replication Consistent Implementation**

Basic principles: Let PUT1, PUT2, PUT3 and GET1, GET2, GET3 be replica calls in temporal order

- PUT1 executes normally. PUT2, PUT3 ignored
- GET1 executes normally. A copy of the date object is logged. GET2, GET3 get same data as GET1.



cess id, request #> appended to API calls for identification



## Implementation, Experiments, Results

Single threaded implementation.

Applications/Examples

- Replica Exchange Molecular Dynamics (REMD)
- Map-Reduce: Dataspace intermediary between Map and Reduce.
- Parallel Sorting by Regular Sampling (PSRS):
   Dataspace in place of message exchange
- Sieve of Eratosthenes. Dataspace employed for broadcast
- Testbed consists of clusters and desktop PCs as clients and dataspace server on the LAN



#### REMD

#### (Collaboration with Prof. Margaret Cheung)

- Studying the folding thermodynamics of small to modest size proteins in explicit solvent.
- Use of Dataspace for modest communication
  - Exchange temperature/energy values between neighbors between simulation runs
  - Example run with 8 replicas (temperatures).
     Processes that swap temperatures at a step have same background color

STEP	P1	P2	P3	P4	P5	P6	P7	P8
1	270	280	290	300	310	320	330	340
2	280	270	300	290	320	310	330	340
3	290	270	300	280	320	310	330	340
4	290	270	300	280	310	320	340	330
5	280	270	310	290	300	330	340	320

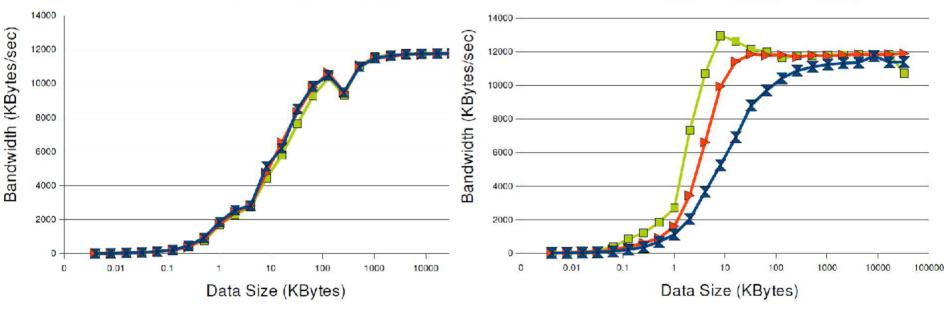


## **BANDWIDTH: 'PUT/GET WITH REPLICAS** (Measured at Dataspace Server)

Microbenchmark code repeatedly does PUT/GET

★Put → Put:2 → Put:4





No difference with replica PUTs that are ignored

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Additional GET traffic with Replication saturates link earlier

N. Kanna, J. Subhlok, E. Gabriel, E. Rohit, and D. Anderson, *A Communication Framework for Fault-tolerant Parallel Execution.* The 22nd International Workshop on Languages and Compilers for Parallel Computing

## **Status and Discussion**

**General:** Both Dataspace and MPI code bases are available to interested groups.

Yet several important developments are ongoing.

**BOINC Integration:** Dataspace has been tested with BOINC. Will be integrated better in coming months. Should we work on MPI integration ?

**Applications:** Collaboration is critical. Keen to working with BOINC projects at all levels – from conceptual to code.





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